

cause of forfeiture shall not prevent the cancellation and forfeiture of this lease for any other cause of forfeiture, or for the same cause occurring at any other time.

SEC. 8. Heirs and successors in interest.—It is further covenanted and agreed that each obligation hereunder shall extend to and be binding upon, and every benefit hereof shall inure to, the heirs, executors, administrators, successors, or assigns of the respective parties hereto.

SEC. 9. Unlawful interest.—It is also further agreed that no Member of, or Delegate to, Congress, or Resident Commissioner, after his election or appointment, or either before or after he has qualified, and during his continuance in office, and that no officer, agent, or employee of the Department of the Interior, shall be admitted to any share or part in this lease or derive any benefit that may arise therefrom; and the provisions of section 3741 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and sections 114, 115, and 116 of the Codification of the Penal Laws of the United States approved March 4, 1909 (35 Stat. 1109), relating to contracts, entered into and form a part of this lease so far as the same may be applicable.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF:

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.  
For the Director, Bureau of Land Management  
By Loraine Kellins  
Director of the Bureau of Land Management  
Acting Manager

Ernest Johnson  
Rock Springs, Wyo.  
Alice Freese  
Witnesses to signature of lessee.  
Rock Springs, Wyo.  
Royd H. Jones  
Lessee.

SEC. 10. Procedures in case of default.—If the lessee shall not comply with any of the provisions of the act or the regulations thereunder or make default in the performance or observance of any of the terms, covenants, and stipulations hereof and such default shall continue for a period of 30 days after service of written notice thereof by the lessor, the lease may be canceled by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with section 31 of the act, as amended, and all materials, tools, machinery, appliances, structures, and equipment, and wells shall thereupon become the property of the lessor, except that if said lease covers lands known to contain valuable deposits of oil or gas, the lease may be canceled only by judicial proceedings in the manner provided in section 31 of the act; but this provision shall not be construed to prevent the exercise by the lessor of any legal or equitable remedy which the lessor might otherwise have. A waiver of any particular